

Poster **OD02:22**

Two-dimensional Superconductivity at a Cu-Cu₂O Interface

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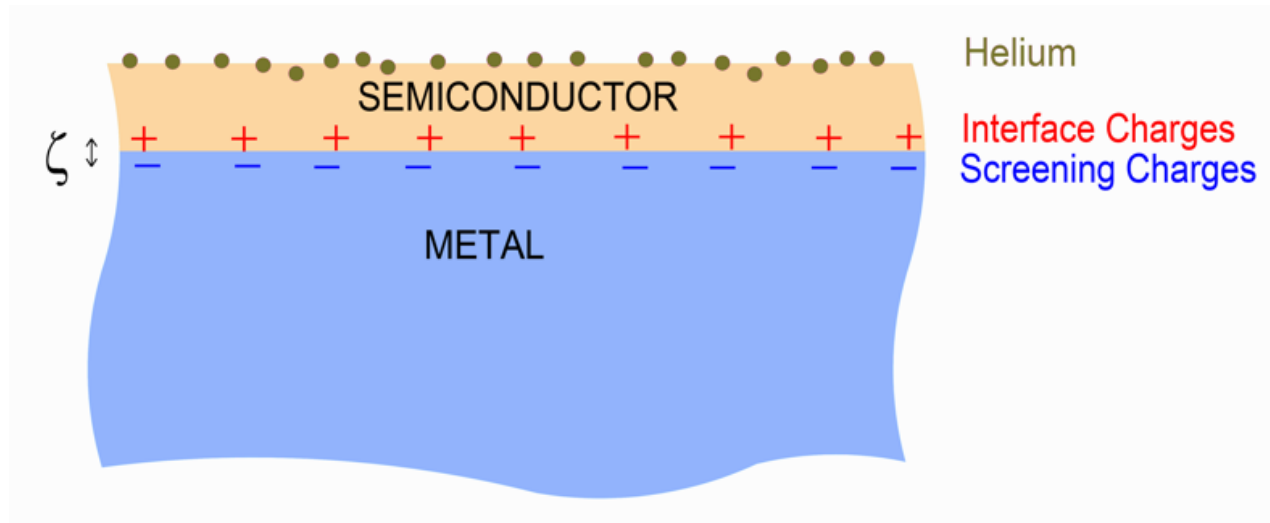
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Bell Labs Retired

Superconductor Model Structure

Cu metal with **Cu₂O** semiconductor grown by ambient oxidation.

Adsorbed ⁴He at 4.2 K induces a double layer of interface and screening charges of areal density n and separation ζ .

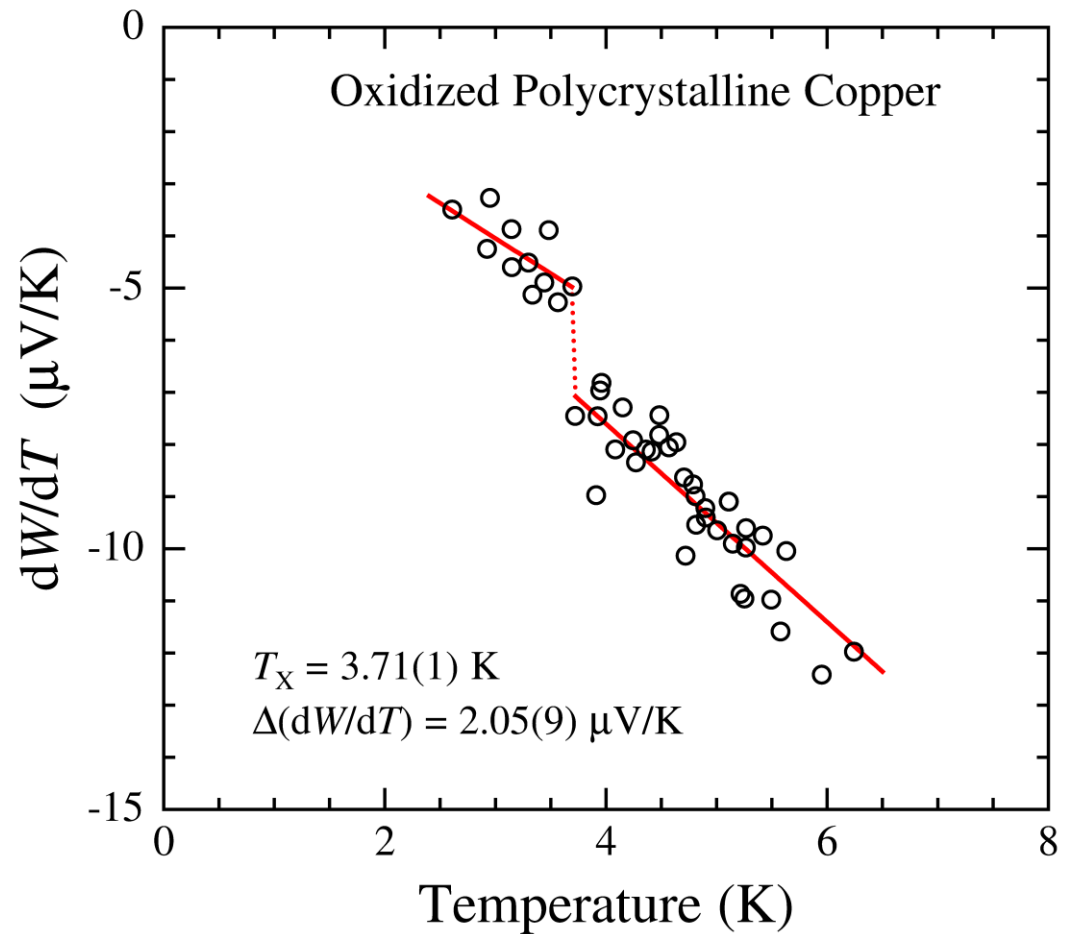
2D Superconductivity in Cu₂O interface hole charges is mediated by Coulomb interactions with Cu screening charges.



Superconductivity on Cu

Differential work function
shows a step-like jog,
similar to Nb at its T_C .

(after Free *et al.*).



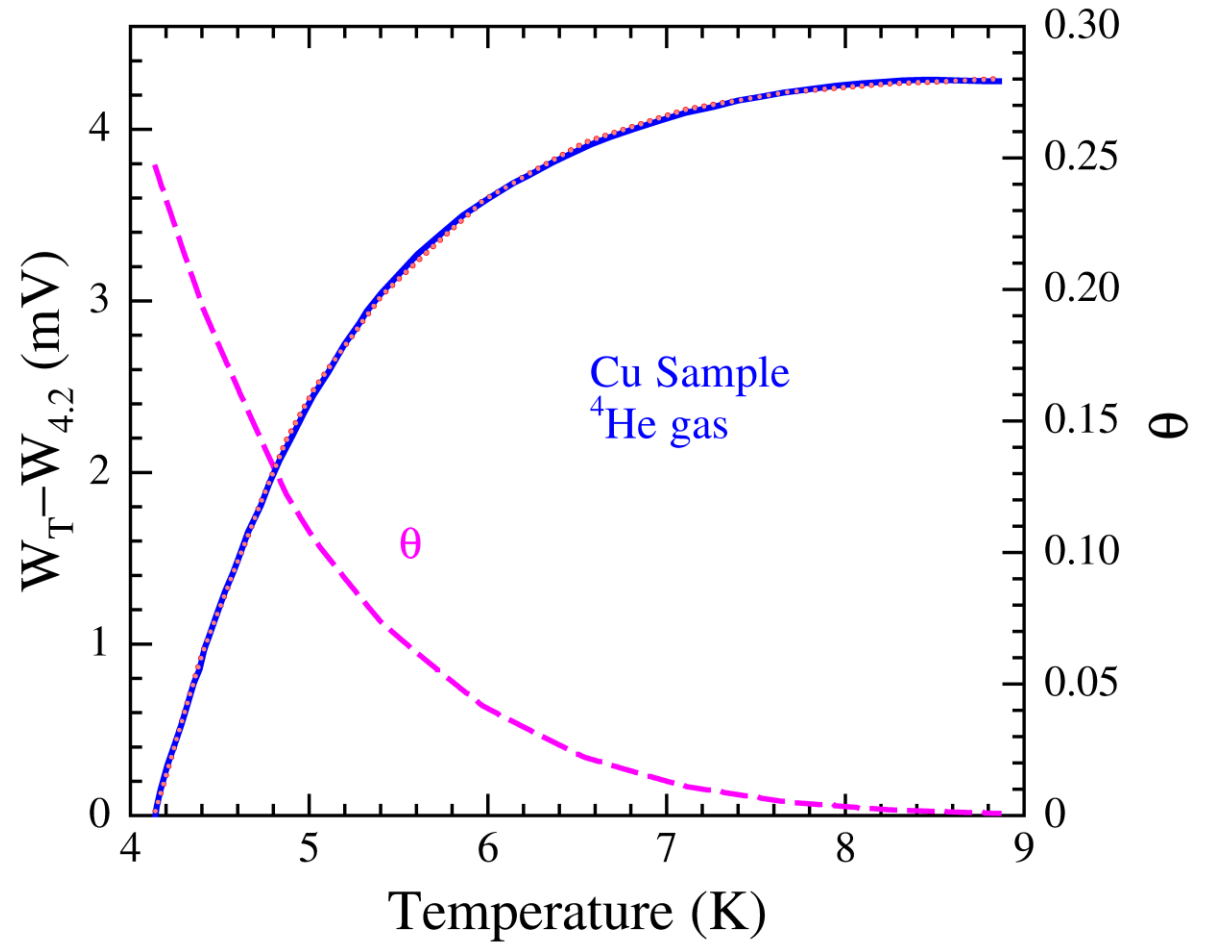
^4He -induced Charge on Cu

Work function is enhanced, owing to charge induced by sub-monolayer ^4He adsorption θ .

blue: data

pink: theory

(after de Waele *et al.*)

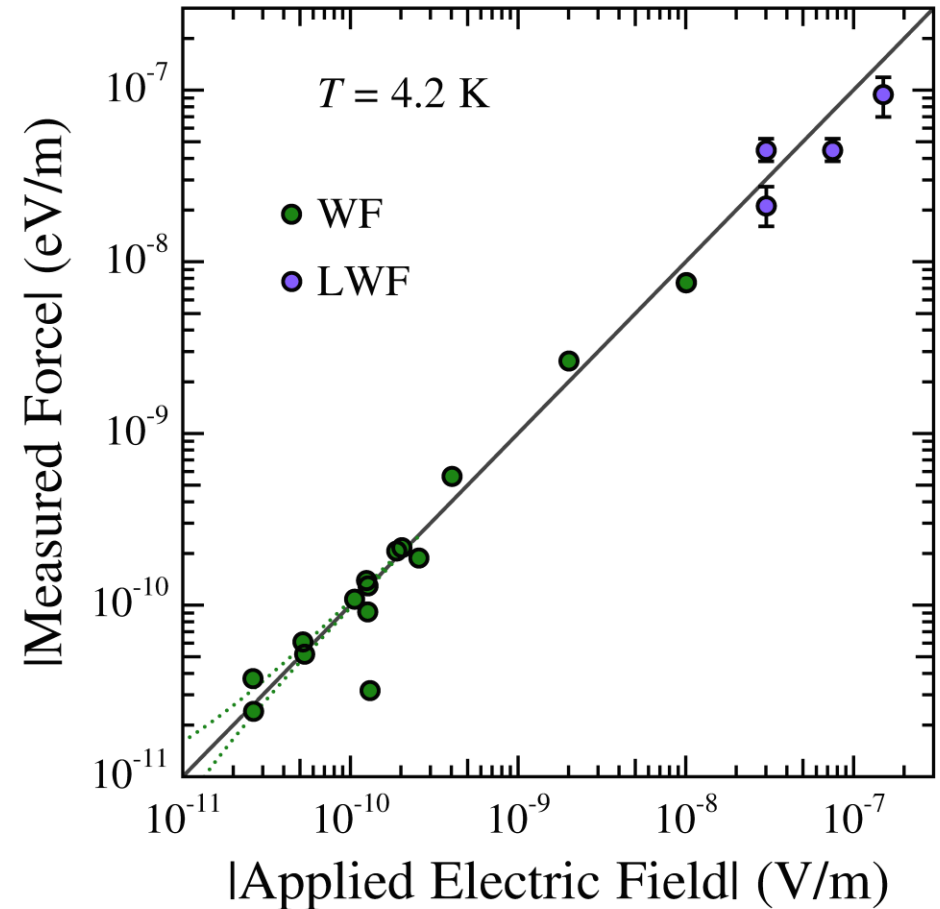


Shielding of Ambient Electric Fields by Cu

Electron free fall experiments of Witteborn, Fairbank, and Lockhart (**WF & LWF**).

Ambient electric fields from Cu patch and lattice compression are shielded at 4.2 K by the Cu surface.

The intercept of **Measured Force** vs. **Applied Electric Field** is nearly zero.



Theory

$T_C = \beta n^{1/2} / \zeta$ High- T_C superconductor

$\beta = 1247.4(3.7) \text{ K-Å}^2$ Universal constant

$n \propto \theta$ ^4He coverage

Ambient Electric Field Model

for WF & LWF electron free fall experiment

$$E = E_G + SE_T + E_A$$

E measured ambient electric field

E_G gravitational sag of e^- in Cu, $-mg/e$

E_T Cu tube patch and lattice compression

E_A applied current in the Cu tube

S shielding factor – Interface 2D conductor

$T < T_C$ – 2D superconducting fluctuations

$T > T_C$ – normal-state shielding

RESULTS $T = 4.2 \text{ K} \dots$

$$n \approx 1.6 \times 10^{12} \text{ cm}^{-2}$$

$T_C \approx 7.9 \text{ K}$ Intrinsic critical temperature

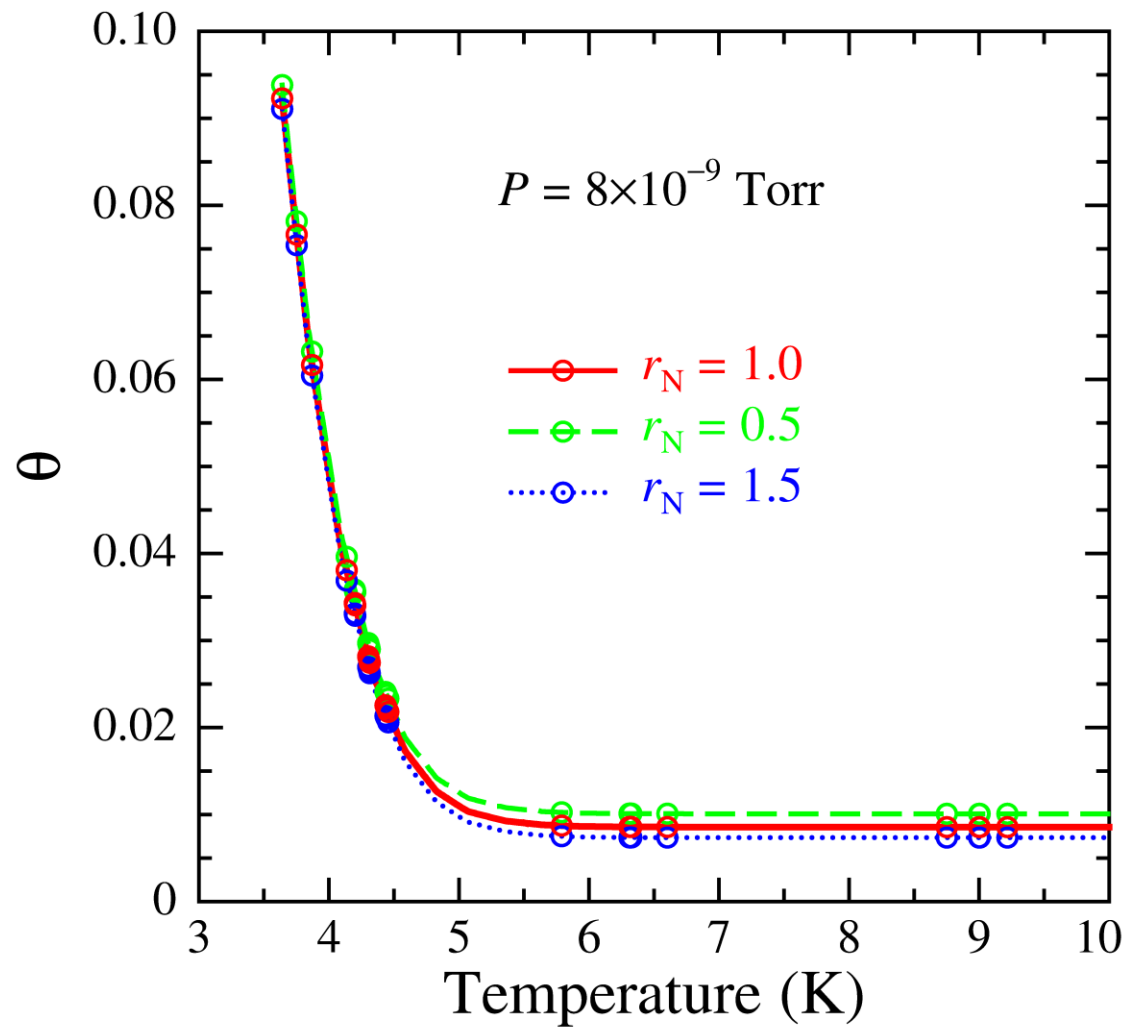
$T_{\text{BKT}} \approx 4.4 \text{ K}$ Phase-stiffness (BKT) transition

⁴He coverage

Derived by modeling shielding of ambient electric fields in WF & LWF experiments.

r_N – normal resistance in $h/4e^2$

θ – fraction of ⁴He monolayer



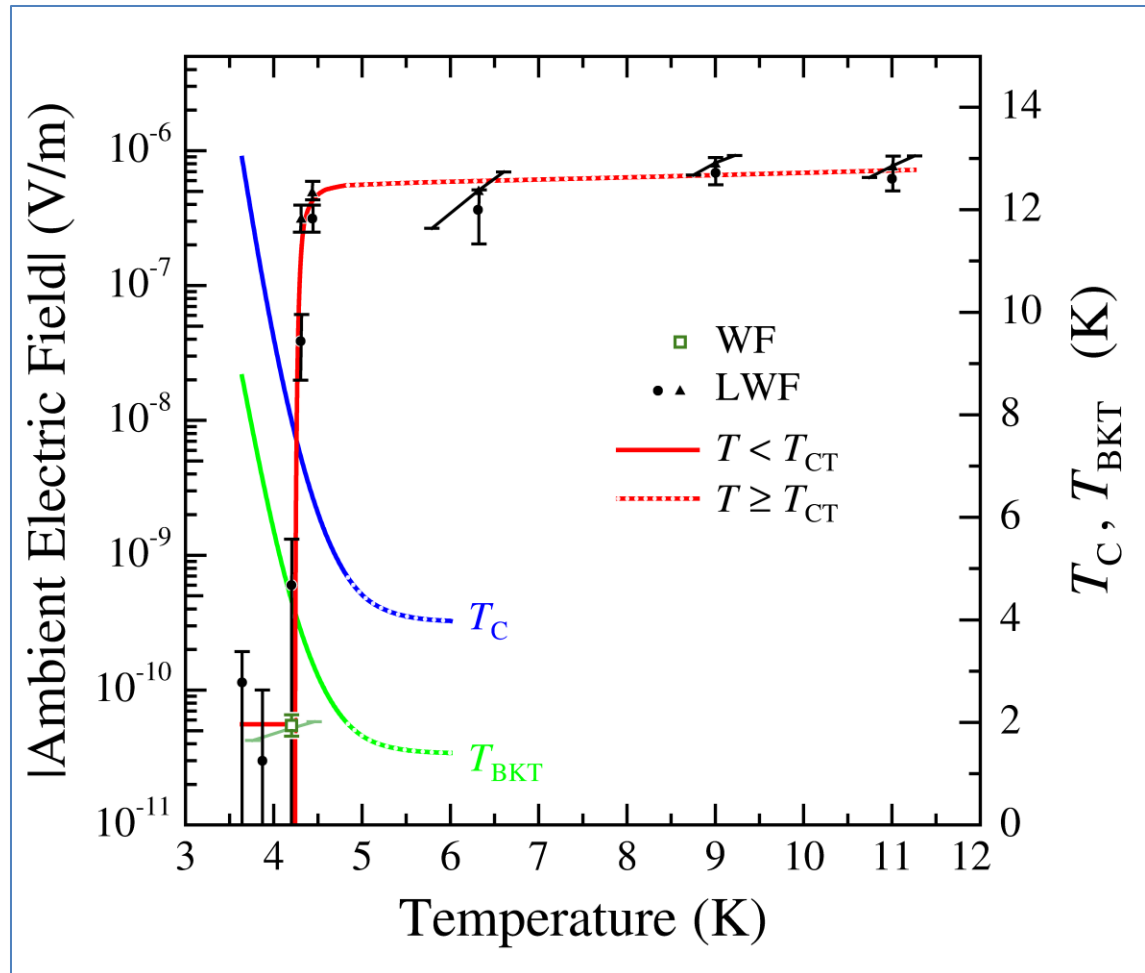
Ambient electric field

on falling electrons
in WF and LWF experiments
symbols / bars.

Superconducting shielding model –
red curve

T_C and T_{BKT} – derived from n vs. θ

$T = T_C$ defines T_{CT}



RESULTS $T = 4.2$ K ...

$$n \simeq 1.6 \times 10^{12} \text{ cm}^{-2}$$

$T_c \simeq 7.9$ K *Intrinsic critical temperature*

$T_{\text{BKT}} \simeq 4.4$ K *Phase-stiffness (BKT) transition*

Proximity to Bosonic Crossover

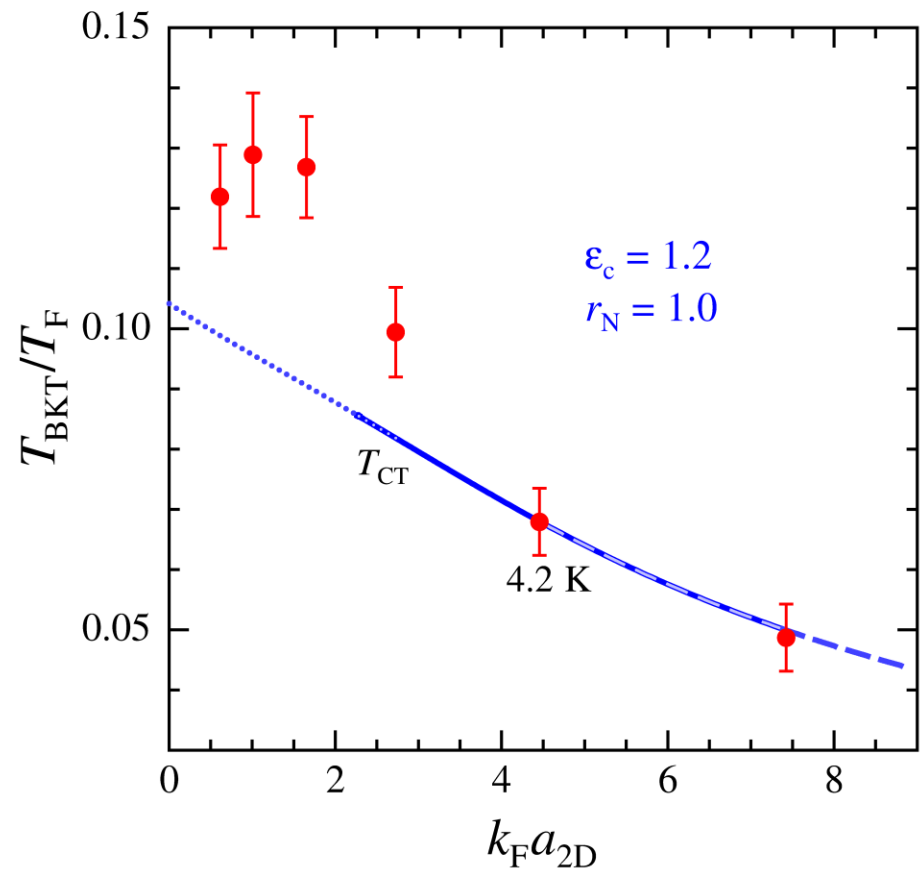
blue curve – 2D superconductor model

symbols – 2D Fermi gas model (after He *et al.*)

T_F, k_F – Fermi temperature, wave vector

$a_{2D} = 141 \pm 18 \text{ \AA}$ interaction length

ϵ_c – BKT theory renormalization factor



References and further information:

Physica C: Supercond. Applic. **632**, 1354600 (2025)

doi: 10.1016/j.physc.2024.1354600.

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2505.02328>